RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1893.

Greatly to the Disappointment of Those Who Want Office-Virginia Congressmen in Washington.

TIMES BUREAU, RAPLEY BUILDING,

of Richmond, is stated, Mr. Wise was very much disappointed to find that the tresident was not at his office, and says he will try again to morrow. It is learned that the papers of neither of the collectors of internal revenue for Virginia have as yet been called for by the Secretary of the Treasury or the President. Congressmen Swanson, Marshall, Jones and Epoc are in the city now, making with Mr. Wise, five of the Virginia delegation here, all of whom are working him beavers trying to get what should be Virginia's share of the Federal patronage, and they are succeeding. Schator Hunton, who had been here several days, left for home yesterday afternoon. Semator y telling character.

captured another place for his to-day, securing a place as mesuced to Secretary Hoke Smith Kello, of Pulaski, and urged timent as engineer of mines, ring chances of success.

ass postmasters, which will in a few days.

Postoffice Department to-day, at the following places:
Only county: Vance, Pittsylth R. Y. Habr as postmaster;
Franklin, with S. W. Sanders
oster; Womacks Mills, Pittsyly, with C. W. Womack as Penn Store, Patrick county, er. Patrick county; Stevenson, Patrick county; tylew. Floyd county, with H. F. Scott tylew. Floyd county, with H. F. Scott to the state of the Swanson also recommended change saite and increased mail facilities at att. Pitterlyania county; Meadow & Grayson county; Shady Grove, kila county; Snow Creek, Franklin

He obtained the promise of the Post-office Department that the fast Southern mail train running by Chatham, Pittsyl-vania county, should drop and receive mail at that point

Mr. Swanson recommended the removal | morrow.

of the incumbents and the appointment of postmasters at the following offices:

John T. Age, Elamsville, Patrick county; Biram M. Jenkins, Flat Ridge, Crayson county; B. Wells, Waller, Henry county; R. P. Woodall, Mountain Valley, Henry county; J. L. Warwick, Oldtown, Grayson county; S. H. Dillard, Pigsborn, Henry county; George W. Da-

Oldrown, Grayson county; S. H. Dillard, Figsboro, Henry county; George W. Davis, Ironside, Henry county; Tyler Rakes, Tarkill, Patrick county; Ella V. Clark, Russell Creek, Patrick county; W. H. Smith, Sheif, Patrick county; George Rakes, Charity, Patrick county; James Soyars, Friend's Mission, Patrick county; W. F. Martin, Coleville, Patrick county. Obtained from the War Department order directions a public road to be opened. for directing a public road to be opened hrough the Government lands in Danille to the colored cemetery.

Mr. W. A. Moorman, a prominent toseco manufacturer of Danville, is in the

Mr. John Stanley, of Martinsville, another large tobacco manufacturer, is also here in connection with his busi-

Messrs. S. E. Anderson, of Front Royal, is registered at the Metropolitan Hotel. General John C. Shields, of Rizerside. tockbridge county, West Virginia, who was at one time in command of one of the companies of the Richmond Howit-

Mr. W. W. Carter, of Wilson, N. C., irrived in the city to-day.

Mr. Geerge M. Newell, editor of the Henderson (N. C.) Herald, is in the city, and is looking for a place under the Sec-

september, not earlier or later, there has seen corsiderable talk of ate, and one newspapers nave published paramphs to the effect that an earlier session, possibly in July, would be called corpressman who had a long talk with

level; Lisk, Rowan county, Jan Lisk, vice H. W. McAllister, remov th, Washington county, Levi-vice Fannie O. Meison, remove

Fasan, vice Fannie O. Melson, removed: Tryon, Polk county, Columbus M. Mills, vice Judson W. Whitney, removed. Fourth-class postmasters in North-Carolina have been commissioned to date from the Lith as follows: Lynn Stephens, Holly Springs; Julia D. Stevens, McClammy, John B. Boddie, Nashville; John W. Robinson, Robbins-ville; Jesse P. Aldridge, Worthville; Jas. P. Poteat, Vanceyville. 2. Potent, Yanceyville.
The name of the postoffice Ridge

Creek, Montgomery county, has been changed to Ridges Creek, the site moved half mile south, and David D. Bruton

ocumissioned as postmaster. Pensions have been granted as follows Virginia—Original, widows, etc.: Chioe nowden, Widows Indian Wars: Martha

. Walden. North Carolina-Original Widows, etc. hotbilda Kight. Lovady Shelton. Sur-yers Indian Wars: Thomas Irvin, Thes

MUST BE STEEL THROUGHOUT.

A Decision That the New Gun-Boats Can

not be Built of Composite Type. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15 .- The Attorney-General has dashed the hopes of the construction corps of the by Secretary Herbert, whether he could awfully contract for the construction of one or more of the light-draught sun posts authorized by the act of March the hull frames being of steel covered b The Attorney-General says: "In my adgment the act contemplates the con truction of light-draught protected gun uilding of such gun-boats of the com

So it appears that the new boats will have to be built of steel throughout, and without sheathing to protect them from the growth of marine vegetation, which involves frequent docking at great expense. The decision, however, will not delay the completion of the plans of the boats to any considerable extent, for the Construction Bureau had already pre pared rough designs for vessels of all

steel type to meet the contingency. Two Weddings in Bristol.

Two Weddings in Bristol.

BRISTOL, TENN., June 15.—Special.—
To-day we have had two very pretty home marriages celebrated. At 7:30 o'clock Mr. J. Logan Wood, of the Wood Drug Company, was united in marriage to Miss Bertie Childers, daughter of J. B. Childers, Esq., one of the solid citizens of Bristol. They will make a tour of the West, including the World's Fair. At 8:30 Mr. Hugh Woltz Taylor and Miss Hattle Goodson King were married. Mr. Hattie Goodson King were married. M. Taylor and his bride went over the Balt more and Ohlo road on a special car to Elizabethton, and will spend the honey-moon amidst the gorgeous mountain scenery of Western North Carolina.

refuneral of Capt. William Elmore, one of the oldest employes of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, was held at the Methodist church in Knoxville to-day at 1:20 o'clock. Car Elmore died yesterday in Knoxville.

Mr. Cleveland Indisposed. WASHINGTON, June 15.—The President is indisposed, not seriously so, it is said, but still sufficiently under the weather the should ther to make it desirable that he should remain at his country residence instead of encountering the heat and turmoil of the city and the office-seekers. He hopes to be able to visit the White House to-

VIRGINIAN MURDERED.

CAPTAIN COOPER, OF LANCASTER, KILLED BY HIS CREW.

His Body Found in the Water Near Deal's Island-Virginia Authorities Notified.

BALTIMORE, MD., June 15.-News reached here to-day of a murder com-Captain Frank Cooper, of Carter's Creek, Lancaster county, Va., commander of the schooner James V. Dalgher, came to Deal's Island on Saturday with a load of grain. The schooner was leaking, and he had come to try and charter another vessel, so the grain would not be dam

aged, but this he falled to do. He was at church on Sunday night, and this was the last time he was seen alive. Yesterday Jacob P. Webster murdered in the cabin of the Daigher on Sunday night and his body thrown

TO REMOVE THE SCHOOL.

Meeting of the Trustees of the Payne

PETERSBURG, VA., June 15,-Special. The board of trustees of the Bishop Payn mond, and Rev. R. A. Goodwyn and Re C. R. Hains and Messrs. F. Whittle,

led at his residence at Lakeview, ne three years. Major Garland had been in bad health for a long time, and his death was not altogether unexpected. Pour children survive him. Mr. Charles A. Garland, manager of the Postal Telegraph Company at Biemingham, and Mrs. C. W. Gassett, of that place, and Colonel A. H. Garland, Jr., and Mr. Joseph M. Garland, of Montgomery. Major Garland's remains were taken to Selma for interment. Major Garland was a former citizen of this place. During the war he was in the commissary department in the Army of Northern Virginia, and was one of the finest officers in that branch of the service.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association held a meeting this afternoon and appointed comng this afternoon and appointed places of business at 6 o'clock in the afternoon during the summer, so as to give, their employees a little time for

FEELING RUNS HIGH.

The Citizens of Princess Anne May Lynch Hoyd-Mr. Tebault Dying.

NORFOLK, VA., June 15.-Special-It was learned this morning that the feeling is very bitter in Princess Anne county against the negro William Royd county against the negro William Boyd, who attempted an assault upon Mrs. G. W. Hale (white). The lady was traveling along the road near Virginia Beach a few days ago, as stated in The Times yesterday. Boyd has been placed in the county Jail, which is well guarded, but it is thought that to-night a force of armed wen will make an attempt to ynch him, and that they will very likel

expected to live through the day. Me Tebault has held the position of audito ever since the position was created. He was also secretary and treasurer of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal, and clerk to the board of health.

Judge Brooke has granted a charter to the Ariel Club, of Norfolk. The purpose of the club is the encourage ment of athletic sports.

TEUTONIC FESTIVITIES.

German Day at the World's Fair a Glorious Success,

CHICAGO, ILL., June 15 .- "German day" at the Exposition needed but the presence of Emperor William to make the success of the Teutonic season of festivity complete in every detail. The weather was giorious, the crowds in mense and the enthusiasm most marked. German bands and drum corps at th head of bands of shouting Teutons march ed through all parts of the park, and th colors of the United States, interminglewith the tri-color and engle of German floated from every building. In addition to the Germans' jollification, Arkansas and Indiana entered the Columbian Union of Commonwealths by dedicating their buildings, and these events drew out crowds to the different parts of the

grounds. When the crowds went home to-night, after witnessing the fireworks, the gates

closed on the largest crowd that has jet visited the Fair in one day. Two stands in front of the German building, where the exercises took place. were filled with the participants and invited guests shortly after 2 o'clock, but it was nearly 3 before the exercises pounds.

began. The orator of the day, Carl Schurz, accompanied by the German Am-bassador, Herr Von Hollenben and Im-rerial Commissioner Wermuth, arrived about half-past 2 and took their places about half-past 2 and took their places upon the stand, the Teutons giving them a rousing cheer of welcome. Mr. Schurz was greeted with great cheering as he arose to speak. After a song by the German Mannerchor, Chicago's mayor, Carter H. Harrison, greeted the Germans on behalf of the city. The mayor, who adapts himself to all occasions, fellowed the precedent established by the other speakers and addressed the audience in German addressed the audience in German and addressed the Addressed precedent established by the other speakers and addressed the audience in German. The crowds then assembled s well as they could in marching form, and a procession was made through Manufacturers' Hall to Festival Hall, where the English exercises were held at 5 o'clock.

CLEARING HOUSE RULE. The Association of New York Adopts

Resolution. NEW YORK, June 15.—The Clearing louse Associatio this afternoon adopted the following resolution:

appointed by the chairman, with the president, to regive from the banks members of the association bills receiva-

occasions on which certificates were is-sued and the amounts were: 1871, 425,000, 000; 1881, 225,000,000, and 1890, \$16,500,000.

ROTTLING BOURBON.

South Carolina's Liquor Machinery Put in Operation. in Operation.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 15.—Special.—
The State's liquor machinery was out in operation to-day, and the work of botling bourbon began at the disparsary.
Three immense tanks had been filled with sparty 5,000 gallons of tye cach. The

Ships in South American Waters,

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—Word yas received at the Navy Department o-day that the United States ship Atreports that she left everything quiet and harmonious in Nicaragua, and matters also quiet on the Isthmus.

Land Office Clerks Dropped.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—To-day the names of sixty-seven clerks were dropped from the rolls of the General Land Office. Of this number six were dropped from the role of the symmetry of the land office. Of this number six were from class 4 (\$1,800 per annum), placten from class 2 (\$1,400), sixteen from class 2 (\$1,400), ten from class 1 (\$1,200), eight from the \$1,000 class, and eight from the opvist class of \$900.

Shipments of Currency. NEW YORK, June 15.—The shipments f currency to the West to-day amounted o only \$600,000, of which \$800,000 was obained from the Sub-Treasury in ex-

Telegraphic Brevities. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—Charles Price, United States attorney for the Western district of North Carolina, has estaned, and the same has been ac-

SAVANNAH, GA., June 15.-The Sa-

valuah Cotton Exchange and Board of Trade to-day passed resolutions urging the repeal of the Sherman law. CINCINNATI, O., June 15.—The Demo-

ADRIAN, MO., June 15.—Six Wright brothers were standing under a tree near

their home yesterday, when lightning killed four of them outright and injured

the other two so they may die.

ARKANSAS CITY, KAN., June 15.—
The First National Bank of this city, ne of the oldest and generally believed be one of the strongest financial in-NEW YORK, June 15,-The run on the rving Savings Institution was renewed his morning, and \$15,000 were paid out he first hour. None of the large deposi-

ors were present. NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—Father Da-NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—Father Darius M. Hubert, S. J., the beloved soldierpriest, died in Macon, Ga., yesterday.
Father Hubert served through the war in the army as a private soldier, and was revered by all veterans of every creed. He was a member of the Veteran Association, Army of Northern Virginia, and was seventy years old.
MILLEN, GA., June 15.—Deputy Marshal E. N. Parnell killed Henry Johnson, a negro desperado and outlaw, last night. Johnson was looking for the deputy with a Winchester, having threatened to kill

a Winchester, having threatened to kill him, but Parnell got the drop, and put fifteen buckshot in the negro's breast within a space the size of a silver dol-

Cable Brevities,

LONDON, June 15.—The latest advices from Mecca, where cholera is raging, show that there were 250 deaths from the disease during the last five days.

PARIS, June 15.—It is believed that the condition of President Carnot, who is said to be sufferig from liver trouble, is much more serious than is stated in the official reports. The Slecie, a Republican newscaper, says M. Carnot is suffering from paper, says M. Carnot is suffering from

intestinal stoppage.

LONDON, June 15.—The sugar refinery and stores owned by David Martineau & Sons, limited, located at Canning, a town in the eastern suburb of London, were burned last night. The refinery was ten stories high and contained a quantity of heavy machinery. The flames spread to the engine and boiler-houses adjoining the refinery, and these, too, were destroyed. The loss is placed at fully 50,000

DEFENSETAKESCHARGE

LIZZIE BORDEN'S COUNSEL SHOW. ING THEIR SIDE OF THE CASE.

Mr. Jennings Makes a Long Statement Giving an Idea What They Propose to Prove-A New Hatchet Found.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., June 15,-A large crowd was in attendance at the Borden trial. Miss Borden was overwhelmed with floral offerings this morning and appeared in excellent spirits, despite the seeming disheartening significance of yesterday's proceedings.

Several witnesses were called to show

an attempted purchase of prussic acid. After consultation, the justices at 10:20 announced that the preliminary evidence did not come up to proffer, and excluded the evidence of an attempted purchase of prussic acid. After the introduction of the exhibits, at 10.25 the Commonwealth rested its case and a recess was taken.

There was another contest between coursel and the court, at the conclusion of which Governor Robinson asked for ten minutes in which to arrange matters for the opening of the defense, it being understood that the prosecution would take more time than it did to-day. At 10:50 the jury filed into their places

again. Counsel for the defense were all ready to begin the presentation of their side of the case and Mr. Jennings became

the deed was the youngest daughter of one of the victims. Up to that time she was of spotless character and reputation; who had moved in and out that house for twenty-one years w shall show you that this young woman had led a spotless life, interested in have fastened the crime upon her to have fastened the crime upon her. There is always an outcry for some-hedy to be punished for such a crime, but we want the guilty punished, not the innocent. Our law, and it is the one which you have sworn to apply to this case, presumes every person to be in-nocent until proved to be guilty. The law is for the protection of the living. The law of Massachusetts to-day draws about the person of everybody the circle of innocence until the contrary is proven. I say this is a mysterious case, and every thinking man must say the same, but you are not here to say how it was committed, but to say by whem. You are simply to answer to this defendant, to say you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that she is guilty or innocent, and a reasonable doubt is a doubt for which you can furnish a good reason. There are two kinds of evidence, direct and electionatial. The first is the and circumstantial. testimony of persons who have seen and heard and felt; circumstantial evidence is entirely different. I want to say that offered to connect her with the crime:
It is wholly and absolutely circumstantial. We know, of course, that almost
everything occurs under natural laws;
in circumstantial evidence it is simply an
opinion from you, an inference on your
part; in certain cases such evidence

the links in the chain of circustantial evidence, becomes of tremendous importance. The Government's chiln is that where they have assumed to show a mo-tive for the killing of her step-mother, there is none for the killing of her own father. In measuring the motive you have got to apply it on the case as between this six and her own father. this girl and her own father,

The blood which was shown axes has disappeared, the claw-headed hatchet has disappeared from the case, and it did not disappear until after Pro-fessor Wood had said on that most glorious morning in Fall River that there could not have been blood on it to have seen washed so quickly.

been washed so quickly.

The attempt has been made here to surround this house so completely as to shut it in, but you have seen it and have heard the evidence on that matter. And there has not been a living soul in all these witnesses to testify that he saw Andrew J. Borden go down to the bank he was actually invisifrom this house; he was actually invisi-ble. We shall show you there were others about that house; we shall show you that Medley's cake walk in the barn existed in his own imagination, and that people were in that barn and all over it before he went there; we shall show you that Lizzie was in the barn just as she said she was. We will show you this dress was solled with paint, gotten on early in May; that it was burned there in broad daylight with window and doors open, officers and other witnesses about. shall show you that she had on the very dress she says she had on, the one I gave to the officer myself. We shall ask you to see, in view of the presumption of innocence, what the law says you shall con-sider-that no blood was found upon her and to consider the relations between father and daughter. The prisoner sat with her face buried

in her handkerchief during her counsel's

Mr. Jennings closed his address at 11:30 and Martha Chagnon was called to the stand. She testified that at II o'clock on the night before the murder she heard a noise like the pounding on wood

on the heard a noise like the pounding on wood in the direction of the Borden fence. It continued for five minutes. This witners' stepmother confirmed her testimony. John W. Grouard testified that he painted the Borden house on May, 1882, and he thought that the prisoner was in the vicinity of the paint tubs.

The court excluded the evidence that the fall before the murder Mrs. Durfee saw an angry discussion between Mr. Borden and a stranger. Charles M. Gifford and Uriah Kirby sald that they saw a man on the street steps near the Chasnon house at 11 o'clock on the night before the murder.

efore the murder. Mark Chase said he saw a man with brown hat and black coat in a buggy in front of the Borden house just before

Dr. Benjamin H. Hardy, of Fall River testified: I know where the Borden house is; I went by there on the morning of the murder at 2 and 10:30; I saw a medium-sized young man, very pale in complexion, with his eyes fixed on the sidewalk, passing slowly towards the south, he was acting strangely; in consequence of his appearance I turned in my carriage to watch him as he went by: I had a faint idea that I had seen him before. This man was well dressed in a light suit of clothes. I have tried to find him since, but have been unable to to find him since, but have been unable to do so: I have never seen him since. Cross-examined: The man was acting different from any person I ever saw on the street in my life. He was agitated

and seemed to be weak.

Mrs. Delia S. Mainly, who lives on Sec-Mrs. Della S. Mainly, who fives on Second street, in Fall River, said she was passing the Borden house with Mrs. Hart when she saw a young man dressed in a suit of white, standing by the Borden gate. That was about 9:45. She had not noticed the young man when she first came along.

murder," he said, "I went to the Borden house. I went up to the front door, and found it unlocked. When I went into the house those who were inside expressed surprise that I had get in without ring-

Ing the bell."

Walter P. Stevens, who at the time of the tragedy was a reporter for one of the Fall River daily papers, was called to the stand by Mr. Jennings.

His testimony was the most important of the defense that had come out up to the time. He went to the Borden house on the morning of the tragedy in the regular course of business. He went through the grounds and out to the barn.

"While I was in there," he said, "I

through the grounds and out to the barn.

"While I was in there," he said, "I heard three persons walking about in the upper part of the barn."

Foliceman Medley, it will be remembered, had sworn that there were no traces of footprints in the dust on the floor of the barn loft when he went up there to make an examination to see if there were any traces of footprints. The witness said that he did not see Medley about, and remained in the barn only a moment or so. Afred Clarkson, of Fall River, described

himself as a steam engineer, when he was called as a witness. He said he had about the Borden place seven or minutes before he went to the barn, where he saw Deputy Sheriff Wick-son. Clarkson said he reached the house about 11:29 o'clock. He thought it was these than ten minutes after he had reached there before he went into the barn.

Hyman T. Robinski, an ice cream peddler, said he went by the Rorden house in his wagon on the morning the mur-

"What did you see?"
"I saw a lady come out of the barn nd go to the stairs at the north side

saw. He could not tell how she was

Robinski caused something of a sensaion when he answered these questions, "Did you say sanything to anybody bout this?"

"Whom?"

"What did you tell him?"
"I told him all about it."
"Did you tell what time it was when you saw her?"
"Yes.
"What time was it?"

"It was after II o'clock,
"How much after?"
He was not sure about that; he know

it was after II o'clock.
Robinski said he had sold things to
Bridget Sullivan, and knew her face.
The witness' testimony as to the
time was corroborated by other witwent to the Borden house as soon as they heard of the murders. They were not admitted to the house, so they hung about the yard all the afternoon, Knew Policeman Medley very well, but did not see him about the premises. Joseph Lemay was put upon the stand, but a dispute arose as to the admissibility

He is a farmer living in the northern part of Fall River. The testimony sought to be introduced was that the witness had seen a man passing along the road near his farm, his clothes covered with blood and presenting a decidedly repul-

sive appearance.

Mr. Jennings said that this was not a case of conversation, and that neither was aware of the presence of the other. The man seen by the witness had a hatchet in his hand, which might have been the one used in doing the murders. He claimed that, though the evidence be much or little, it should be submitted to the jury. The decision was reserved until to-morrow morning.

The court then adjourned until to-mor-

Another Hatchet Found. FALL RIVER, MASS., June 15.-It is reported on good authority that a hatchet was found under Crowe's barn near the Borden premises yesterday, and that the police have it in their possession, but will not talk about the matter at hunting for a ball and found the hatchet. Those who report the story think it may prove important evidence in the Borden

NEW INQUEST BEGINS. Colonel Ainsworth Complains That the Jury is Prejudiced.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The new inquest over the remains of the Ford's Theatre disaster began this morning. The proceedings were devoid of sensational character, the evidence being lirected exclusively to the ascertainment of the cause of the building's collapse. Colonel Alasworth addressed a letter to Coroner Patterson to-day, complaining that the jury were prejudiced against him by the testimony of the disaffected clerks and the riotous proceedings of the previous lilegal inquiry, and unring his right to be present by counsel and cross examine witnesses. Coroner Patterson refused the request, Expert testimony as to the building was taken up to the recess at 1/20 P. M.

Colonel Ainsworth's attorney was in the hall this morning a few minutes before the inquest began, but he withdrew before Coroner Patterson rapped the jury

District-Attorney Thomas sat with the coroner, and the police Heutenant was present with a squad of police, but there was no call for their services to-day. The same jury were summened that took part in the interrupted proceedings, and they went to Glenwood cemetery and viewed the body of Frederick P. Loftus, one of the victims, which lies in a receiving vault there. One of the witnesses was James L. Parsons, building contractor. He had examined the building with a view to bidding on the contract. His bid was not accepted. He had examined the building as the work progressed and since the disaster, and had considered the building safe before the excavation, but saw no evidence of shoring up. His opinion was that the work was unsafe without shoring.

Building Inspector Entwistle testified

no evidence of shoring.

He was asked if the work in progress
at the building when it collapsed could
have been done safely without shoring. and he raplied emphatically: "No, sir." His idea would have been to have shore up and take the weight off every col-

"Would you have undertaken the work without shoring?" asked the District At-

the cause of the disaster.

Architect Clark, of the Capitol, gave his opinion that the building was safe before the excavation begun, and he concurred with Parsons and Entwistle that the control of the the work should not have been undertaken without shoring. In reply to a ques-tion by Juror Warner, Entwistle said that the United States buildings in the District of Columbia were exclusively under the control of the United States Government, but did not appear to have

Coal Men Visit Newport News. NEWPORT NEWS, VA., June 15.— Special.—Forty-three members of the Retail Coal Exchange of New York ar-Retail Coal Exchange of the Army and Arrived in the city this morning and spent some time at the ship-yards, and then visited the Chesapeake and Ohio coal piers. They left at noon for Norfolk, and will return to New York to-night by

steamer.
Mr. W. Baxter and his two sons, James came along.
She made way for George T. Borden, a relative of the defendant. He is a plumber.
"At 2 o'clock on the day following the control of the United States cruiser Detroit."

THE GERMAN ELECTIONS

AN ABSENCE OF EXCITEMENT THAT BORDERED ON APATHY.

The Socialists Displayed Marked Activity, the Women Figuring Conspicuously.

Official Precautions.

BERLIN, June 15 .- Election day brought tropical heat to all parts of the Empire. In Berlin the pavements have been scorching. Apparently the election has been a notably quiet one. At 6 P. M. nothing positive was known of the election, although dispatches from 120 electoral districts indicated that the Socialists had secured thirty of them and the Conservatives, Richterists (Radical), Peoples' party and Lieber Clericals had di-

vided the other ninety among them. In Berlin there has been a complete ab sence of all excitement. The vealthler classes seemed to be apathetic as to the outcome of the elections. The authorities fearing disorders among the voters of the fearing disorders among the voters of the lower classes had the troops and the reserve police kept in their barracks so as to be ready to repress any outbreak. Very few voters went to the polis before noon. At that hour the workmen left the factories. They walked in groups to the voting stations and deposited their ballots. The Socialists displayed mere activity than any other of the political groups. Women seemed to be as deeply interested in the success of the Social-Democratic in the success of the Social-Democratic and they labored in every way to aid the

The vote in Berlin is 20,000 over the vote of 1830. The Socialists have been equally successful in Hamburg and Altona. In spite of tremendous exertions the United Conservatives and Anti-Semi the have lost 3,000 votes as compared with 1890, and the Radicals have lost nearly 2,000. It is stated that the So-cialists are likely to win three out of four of the rebailots against the Radi-

In Berlin not a single candidate pledged to support the Army bill has gained even the barest honor of a reballot. Not 10 per cent, of the vote cast in Berlin were given in favor of the Army bill. Seldom has the city spoken in such emphatic tones. The provincial returns appear to be equally emphatic in the same direction. The great success of the Social-Democrats has caused a profound sensation.

ROBBED BY THE MONKS.

A Startling State of Affairs Uncarthed in

a Russian Monastery.
ST. PETERSBURG, June 15.—The Church of the Chudov Monastery, which is within the walls of the Kremlin, was recently robbed of a vast amount of recently robbed of a vast amount of plate, money and gems. The plate bad just been used in the ceremonies attendant upon the reception of the Czar, and had not been returned to the security vaults. The property and money taken amounted in value to between 2,50,909 and amounted in value to between 2,200,000 roubles. The police patiently investigated the case, with the result that all the monks belonging to the monastery were arrested. Secreted in the monks cens were found garage when had been torn from their settings, holy robes, and the missing holy vessels, made of precious metals.

recious metals. A charge of sacrilege has been made against the monks, and probably many of them will go to Siberia for life.

The police, in searching the monaster for the stolen property, learned beyond dispute that a number of women had been living secretly with the monks for a considerable time.

PANAMA PRISONERS FREE.

The Sentence Quashed and De Lessey and His Associates Liberated. PARIS, June 15 .- Considerable excite-

ment was caused by the decision of the Court of Cassation on the appeal of Charles De Lesseps and other defendants convicted of fraud in connection with the Panama Canal Company.

The court handed down its decision to-day quashing the sentence on the ground that the statute of limitations covered the offences charged, and that the indictment on which the prisoners were tried were irregular.

were tried were irregular.

In consequence of this decision, M.
Elifiel was at once liberated from prison.

M. Charles De Lesseps, who is in St.
Louis Hospital suffering from an acute attack of dyspepsia, was informed that he was at liberty, but was too ill to leave the hospital. There were five of the defendants convicted on the trial which ended February 9th last. These were Ferdinand De Lesseps, his son Charles, Marius Fontane, Hearl Cottu and Gustav Effel.

Major Conrad's Assistants. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.-The appointments in the office of the Assistant Attorney-General for the Interior Department have been made as follows: Emmett Womack, of Georgia, reporter of land decisions; William M. Byrd, of Ala-bama; Elbert M. Rucker, Jr., of South Carolina, and John Lyon, of Virginia,

land clerks.
M. D. Wickersham, United States attorney for the Southern district of Ala-bama, has sent in his resignation, which has been accepted by direction of the President. The statement made in the Alabama press that he had been remo is erroneous.

Range of thermometer at The Times office yesterday: 9 A. M., 79; 12 M., 81; 3 P. M., 83; 6 P. M., 89; 9 P. M., 78; 12 mid-

night, 75. Average, 79 1-3.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15,-Fee Virginia, North Carolina and South Caroina: Showers, east winds,
Weather Conditions and General Forecast—A storm of marked strength occupies the South Atlantic Coast, and the barometer is low north of the Dakotas. An area of high barometer occupies the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the barome-ter is high on the North Pacific Coast. The temperature has fallen from Minne-sota to Texas and over the Canadian maritime provinces, and has risen in the northwest; elsewhere the tempera-ture changes have been slight. Heavy rain has fallen on the South Atlantic Coast. Thunder storms are reported in the Missouri and Ohio Valleys, the western lake regions and the southwest. Un-settled weather, with showers, is indi-cated for the Central Valleys, the lake regions, the Middle and South Atlantic States. In New England and the West-ern States the weather will be warmer

and generally fair. The following heavy rainfalls (in inches) were reported during the past twenty-

South Carolina-Kiesstree South Caronas-Kageres. 1-0; Harde-ville, 2-20; Young's Island, 2-20. Fiorida-Gainesville, 4-90. Qeorgia-Thomasville, 4-80; Allapaha, 2-30; Bainbridge, 2-00; Eastman, 1-00.

North Carolina-Oak Ridge, 2:35.

The rivers are above the danger line (in feet and tenths): Bising—New Orleans, .0.
Falling—Memphis, 0.4; Helena, 7.3; Arkansas City, 6.5; Greenville, 2.5; Vicka-